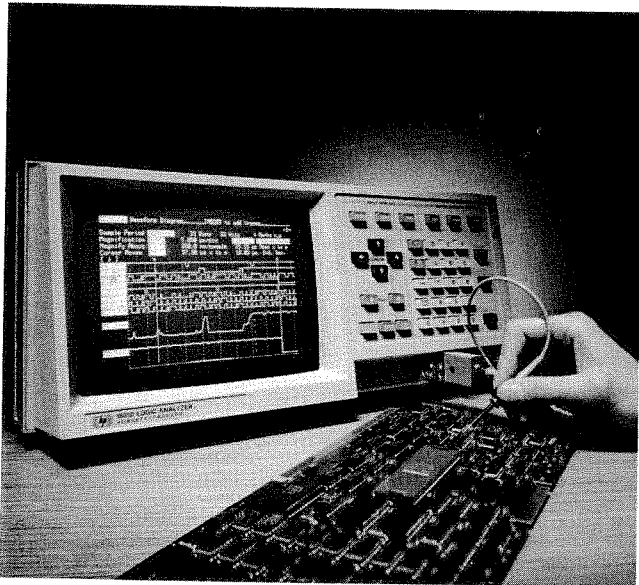


LOGIC ANALYZERS

Logic Analyzer With Scope

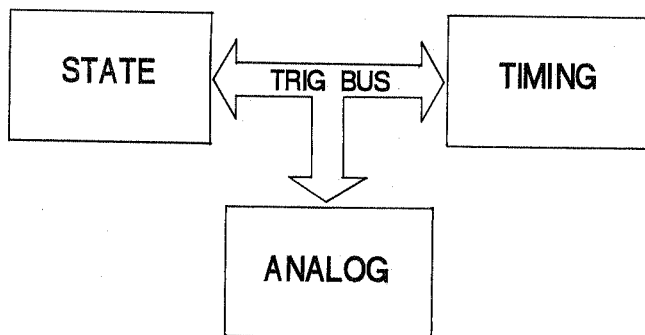
Models HP 1631A, and 1631D

- Built-in two-channel digitizing oscilloscope—50 MHz bandwidth and 200 M sample/second rate
- Up to 43 state channels and 16 timing channels



The HP 1631A/D logic analyzer has a built-in digitizing oscilloscope, enabling digital hardware designers to make the cross-domain measurements needed to troubleshoot and characterize systems.

Three Instruments in One Box: HP 1631D



The HP 1631A/D provides three instruments in one, linked by an internal trigger bus. Interactive measurements allow you to trigger on the symptom with one instrument, and analyze the cause with another.

HP 1631A/D Logic Analyzer . . .

The HP 1631A/D provides a digitizing oscilloscope and a logic analyzer in one low-cost instrument. Its analog, timing, state, and system performance analysis capabilities function separately or interactively to serve the needs of digital design and test engineers.

The A and D models differ only in state/timing channel width. The HP 1631A provides up to 35 state channels, eight timing channels, and two analog channels. The HP 1631D provides up to 43 state channels, 16 timing channels, and two analog channels.

The One Tool For Every Phase Of Digital Design And Test

A 50 MHz digitizing oscilloscope

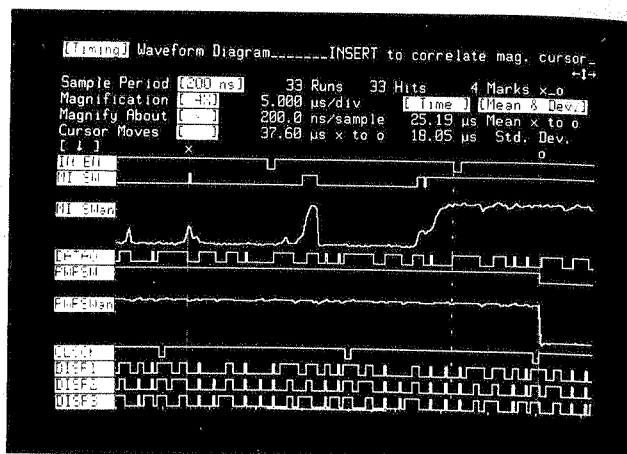
- 200 megasample/second digitizing rate for capturing single-shot waveforms

- Two simultaneous channels
- Single-shot time intervals to ± 1.5 ns

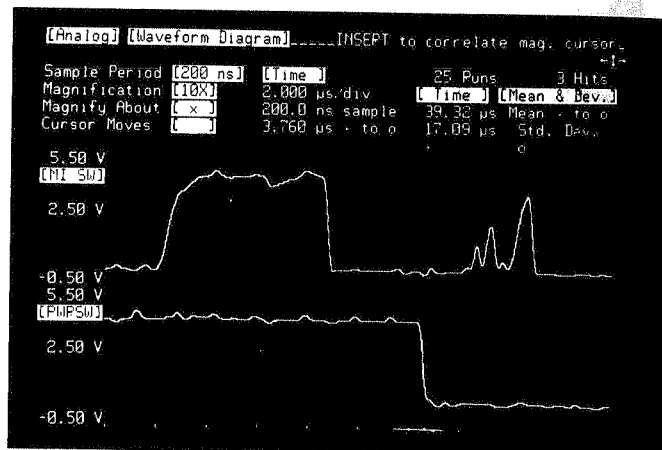
A complete logic analyzer

- 100 MHz timing analyzer
- Time-interval accuracy to ± 1.5 ns
- 25 MHz state analyzer

- Interactive measurements
- Automatic time-interval measurements



Interactive measurements allow you to use the timing analyzer to locate and trigger on a glitch, and then use the analog analyzer (with higher vertical resolution) to analyze the cause.



With a built-in oscilloscope, the HP 1631A/D provides two channels of analog analysis plus automatic time-interval measurements and statistics.

Interactive Analysis

You can use one of the HP 1631A/D's analyzers to capture the symptom and then use one of the other analyzers to analyze the cause. Depending on your measurement needs, you can select state, timing, or analog as master. The other two then become slave. When the master's trigger specification is met, it simultaneously triggers the slave—while maintaining time correlation between the analyzers.

Analog Waveform Analysis

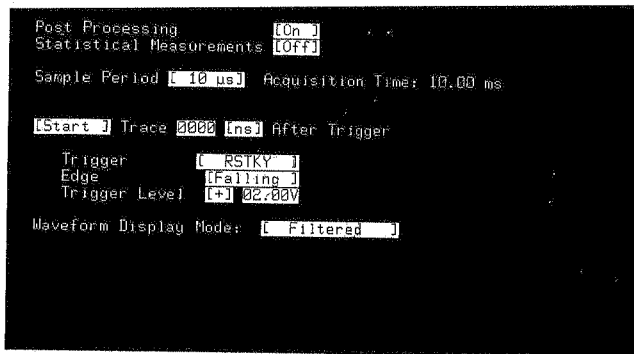
Analog waveform analysis provides simultaneous display of up to two channels. User-definable labels, wide magnification range, and direct readout of time and voltage between cursors are available.

State Analysis

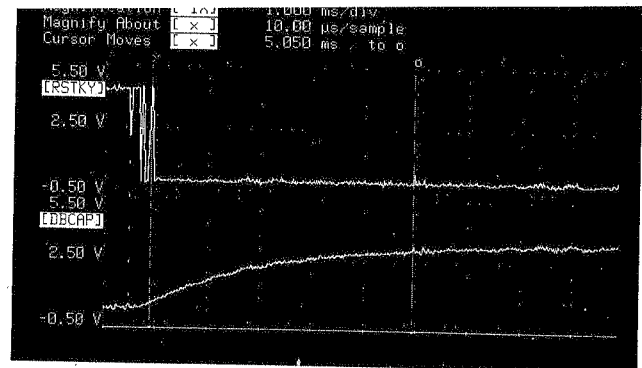
State listings and waveforms provide displays and windowing of address, data, status, and control line activity. Selectable display modes include binary, octal, decimal, hexadecimal, ASCII, relocation, user-defined mnemonics, and microprocessor-specific mnemonics. You can assign labels, and display and/or trigger on code in terms of relocatable or absolute addresses, or user-defined mnemonics.

Timing Analysis

Timing waveform diagrams provide simultaneous display of up to 16 channels, with user-definable labels. Wide magnification range, glitch display, and direct readout of time between cursors are available.

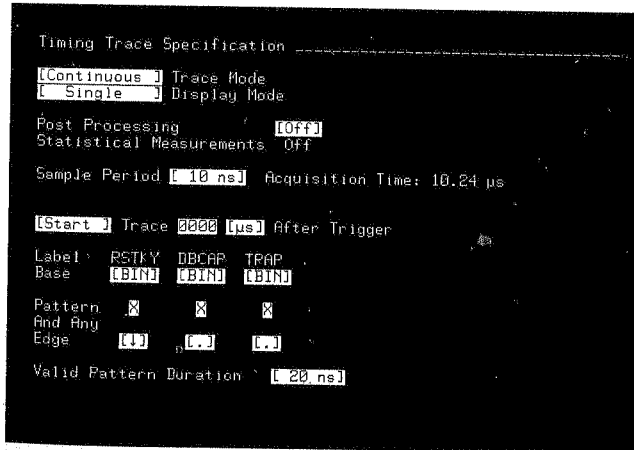


The analog analyzer triggers at +2.00 V on the falling edge of channel RSTKY.

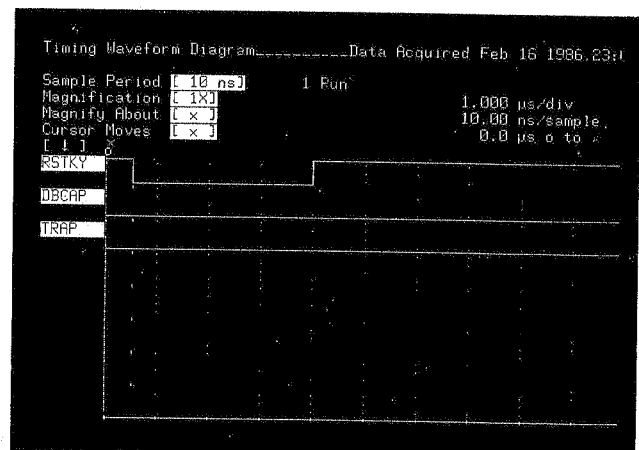


The X cursor shows that the analyzer triggered at +2.00 V on the falling edge of channel RSTKY.

Timing Analysis

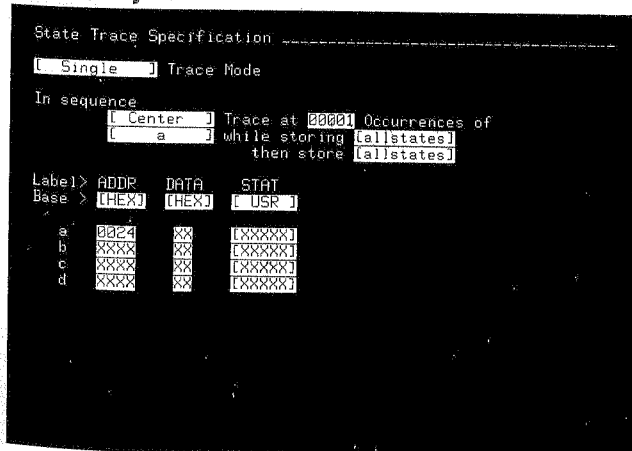


The timing analyzer triggers on a falling edge of RSTKY.

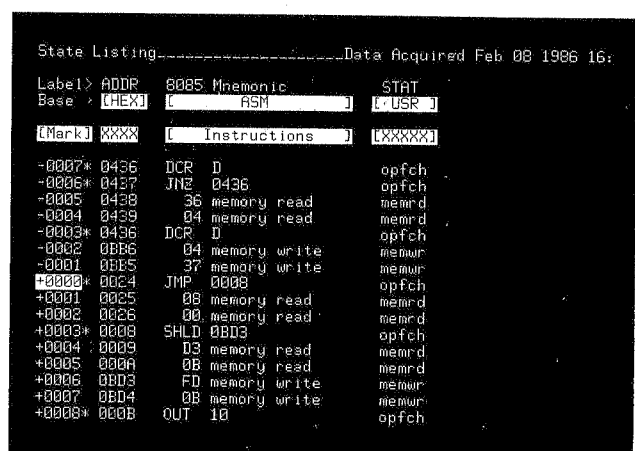


The dashed line on the left shows that the analyzer triggered on the falling edge of RSTKY.

State Analysis



The state analyzer triggers on the first occurrence of HEX address 24, and captures the next 1000 states.



The highlighted area shows that the analyzer triggered at HEX address 24 and captured the subsequent states.

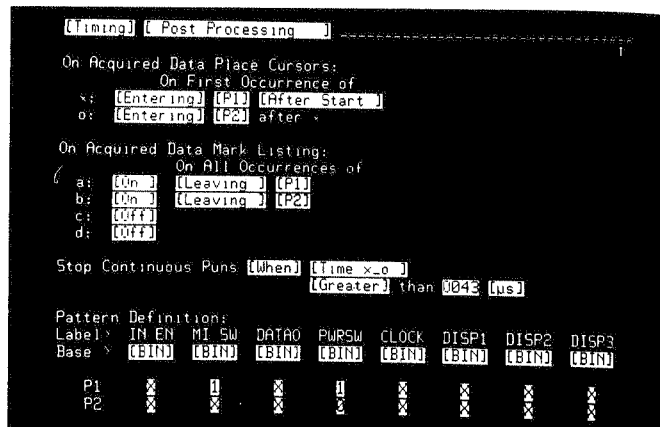
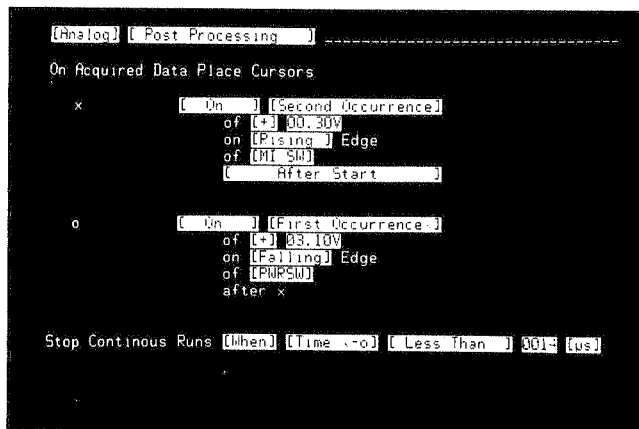
LOGIC ANALYZERS

Logic Analyzer With Scope

Model 1631A/D

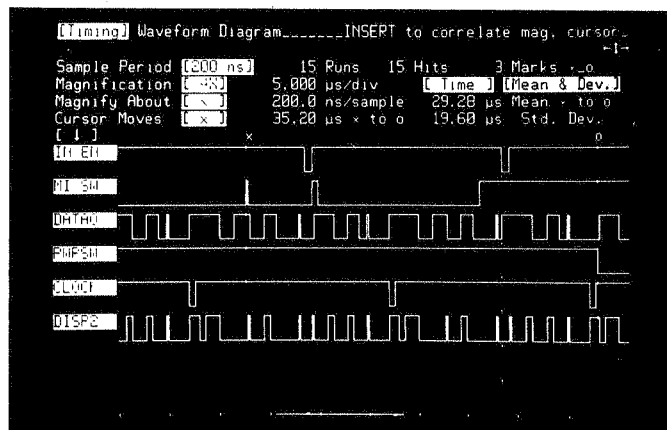
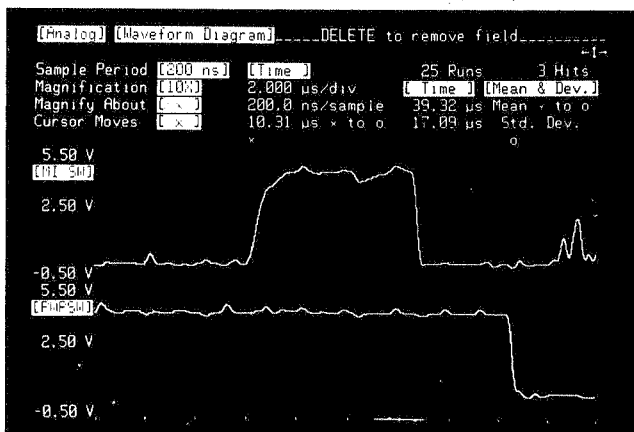
Trigger on the Error

Through post-processing, you can set the analyzer to trigger on an error condition. In the example below, the instrument triggers when either the analog analyzer detects a time interval less than 1 μ s or the timing analyzer detects a time interval greater than 43 μ s.



Automatic Time-interval Measurements with Statistics

Automatic time-interval measurements can be made by placing cursors. The measurements are updated and displayed on the CRT along with mean, standard deviation, and minimum and maximum values. With its analog capability, the HP 1631A/D also provides statistics on voltage values.



Inverse Assembly

Displaying program activity in inverse assembly can save many hours in test and debug. No more time-consuming or error-prone conversions from hex because measurement listings appear just as you wrote them, making them easy to compare to source-code listings.

Preprocessor/Interface Modules

HP provides a complete line of microprocessor preprocessors that tailor the HP 1631A/D to specific microprocessors. Preprocessor interface modules contain circuitry that properly formats data, and they provide connection via a microprocessor socket. Software supplied with preprocessors performs inverse assembly for state displays in the selected microprocessor's mnemonics.

A bus preprocessor available for analyzing RS-232C/V.24, RS-449, and HP-IB data bus, and minicomputer interface modules are also available for use with HP logic analyzers.

For more details on these preprocessor/interface modules, please refer to page 403.

LOGIC ANALYZERS

Specifications And Characteristics

Models 1631A/D, 1630A/D/G, 10342B

HP 1630A/D/G, 1631A/D Specifications

Memory

Data acquisition: 1024 words.

Compare: 16 words, HP 1630A/D, 1631A/D; 16 or 1024 words, HP 1630G.

Memory search: all patterns within a label set may be marked or separately displayed.

State Analysis Mode

Clocks

Clock edges: for each of three ORed clocks, select either or both edges; separate edges of one clock may be selected for multiplexed modes.

Repetition rate, single phase: 25 MHz for single edge of single clock; 20 MHz for any combinations of ORed clocks and edges.

Repetition rate, multiplexed: master clock must follow slave clock by at least 10 ns and precede next slave clock by at least 50 ns.

Pulse width: ≥ 10 ns at threshold.

Setup time: ≥ 20 ns.

Hold time: zero.

Data Indexing

Resources: four terms, including the Boolean NOT of each term, ALL patterns or NO pattern; terms may be used as often as needed.

Trigger: up to four resource terms in sequence; final sequence term may use up to four ORed resource terms.

Restart: up to four ORed terms to reinitiate sequence search.

Store qualifiers: up to four ORed resource terms; may be separately defined for each term in the trigger sequence.

Occurrence: to 59 999; applies to final sequence term only.

Compare: width of analyzer by 16 words; trace until "equal to" or "not equal to" with each compare word matched to all 1024 words in memory; compare words may contain "don't care" terms.

Full compare (HP 1630G only): the compare file is the full 1024 states of memory.

Timing Analysis Mode

Clock

Range: 10 ns to 500 ms in 1, 2, 5 sequence.

Accuracy: $\pm 0.01\%$.

Glitch: min detectable glitch, 5 ns width at threshold; with glitch detection on, number of timing channels is halved.

Data Indexing

Asynchronous pattern: 20 ns to 1 ms in 1, 2, 5 sequence with accuracy $\pm 20\%$ or 15 ns, whichever is greater; glitch or edge ANDed with asynchronous pattern.

Maximum time delay: approx 2^{18} times the sample period, to 9999 s max.

Cursors: time between dual cursors (x and o) displayed to accuracy of one sample period.

Expansion: X1 to X40 in 1, 2, 4 sequence; standard display shows entire 1k memory at X1.

Analog Analysis Mode (HP 1631A/D)

Channel 1 And 2 (Vertical)

Probe factors: 1:1, 10:1, or 50:1 probe attenuation factors may be entered to scale the HP 1631A/D to input voltages at the probe tip

Range: 40 mV to 2.5 V full-scale

Bandwidth (-3 dB) dc-coupled: dc to 50 MHz

Dc gain accuracy: $\pm 2.5\%$ of full-scale

Analog-to-digital conversion (ADC) resolution: ± 1 LSB, which is $\pm 1.6\%$ of full-scale

Transition time: ≤ 5.25 ns, 20% to 80% of full-scale

Trigger

Sources: channel 1, channel 2, or external trigger input

Edge: rising or falling edge may be selected for any source

Time Base (Horizontal)

Sample period: 5 ns to 500 ms in a 1-2-5 sequence

Range: 500 μ s to 500 s full-scale (10 divisions)

Time base accuracy

Sample period: $\pm 0.01\%$

Time-interval measurement accuracy (equal rise and fall times): single-shot, ± 1.5 ns for 5 ns sample period, ± 1 sample period for sample periods of 10 ns or greater; continuous, ± 1.5 times sample period, based on 100 averages

Delay tracepoint: equals trigger plus delay; tracepoint can be delayed from 0 to about 260k sample periods after the trigger

Analog Operating Conditions (HP 1631A/D)

Digitizer: two channels are digitized simultaneously

Digitizing technique (real-time digitizing): all data points are digitized at equal selectable increments in time on each acquisition

Digitizing rate: selectable, 2 samples/second to 200 megasamples/second

Voltage resolution: 6 bits, 1 part in 64

Acquisition memory: 1024 samples, 6 bits/channel, 2 channels; up to 1000 samples are used for display; magnifier allows full-screen display from 1000 samples to 25 samples; the entire 1024 sample record can be accessed via HP-IB and HP-IL.

Interactive State/Timing/Analog Analysis Mode

Acquisition: analog, timing, and state data acquisition occur simultaneously

Arming: either of the three analyzers can be master while the remaining two are slave

Master state: the waveform analyzer and the timing analyzer can be simultaneously armed by the full data indexing capability of the state analyzer

Master timing: the waveform analyzer and the state analyzer can be simultaneously armed by the full data indexing capability of the timing analyzer

Master analog (HP 1631A/D): the timing analyzer and the state analyzer can be simultaneously armed by the full analog indexing capability of the waveform analyzer.

Tracepoint alignment: analog, timing, and state acquisition data can be correlated in time

Mixed display: timing channels can be displayed on the same screen with analog channels; the tracepoint and time/div are common to timing and analog in this display mode, and set by the timing analyzer

Software Performance Analysis and Overview Modes

XY Chart: all 1024 events/samples for any label group can be displayed as a chart of order of occurrence by magnitude; max and min vertical limits are user-specified.

Time interval histogram: measures time between start and stop events defined for up to eight time ranges.

Time range: min size, 1 μ s.

Display: histogram; min, max, average, and last time reading; total elapsed time; number of samples.

Resolution: for four-bit label group, 250 ns or 0.1% of reading, whichever is greater.

State histogram: sampled occurrence count of events in a label group for up to eight total user-defined ranges or values.

Max count: $2^{63} - 1$.

Resolution: $\pm 0.01\%$.

Time-positional histogram (HP 1630G only): shows the number of occurrences of an event over time. A time unit is defined, and the analyzer counts the occurrences of a specified event in that time unit. The measurement can be repeated for up to 1023 equal-sized time units.

Typical accuracy of first time unit: -250 ns to $+500$ ns, $\pm 0.01\%$ of specified width.

Typical accuracy of subsequent time units: $\pm 0.01\%$ of specified width.

Linkage histogram (HP 1630G only): shows up to eight module links. A link is defined as a specific state followed immediately by another specific state with no intervening states. Store qualification can be used to acquire states selectively. The measurement can be started on completion of a sequence of up to three resource terms, with restart and occurrence capabilities such as state data indexing.

Max number of definable events: 8.

Max number of definable links: 8.

Max count: $2^{63} - 1$.



Measurement Aids

Cursors: two cursors (X and O) are provided for making voltage and time measurements on displayed waveforms. Both absolute and differential values are provided for voltage measurements. Dual cursor time measurements can be made between two points on the same waveform or between two points on different waveforms.

Cursor statistics: X to O cursor statistics are provided for continuous voltage and time measurements: max, min, mean and standard deviation. Single cursor voltage statistics can be obtained between two points on the same waveform or between two points on different waveforms (time only).

Cursor placement: both X and O cursors can be uniquely specified with respect to the tracepoint or acquisition start, by selection of channel 1 or 2, rising or falling edge, voltage level, hold or delay time.

State/Timing/Analog Inputs

State/Timing Probe Inputs

RC: 100k ohm, $\pm 2\%$ shunted by approximately 5 pF at probe body

Minimum swing: 600 mV p-p

Minimum input overdrive (above pod threshold): 250 mV or 30% of input amplitude, whichever is greater

Maximum voltage: ± 40 V, peak

Threshold voltage: -9.9 V to $+9.9$ V in 0.1 V increments

Accuracy: 2.5%, ± 120 mV

Dynamic range: ± 10 V about threshold

Analog Inputs (HP 1631A/D): channel 1, channel 2, external trigger

Input coupling: dc

Input RC: 1 megohm $\pm 2\%$, shunted by approximately 14 pF

Maximum safe input voltage: ± 40 V (dc + peak ac)

General Characteristics

Labels

Input channel labels: up to eight state, up to 16 timing, user-defined, five-character labels may be assigned bit patterns in any configuration up to 65 (HP 1630G) bits/label. Bits may be used in more than one label and need not be contiguous.

User field: all labels with four bits or less allow mnemonics to be assigned to specific patterns. Primary use is to identify such functions as read, write, opcode, etc.

Relocatable field: up to sixteen module starting locations may be specified, allowing trigger parameters to be based on module names, plus an offset value.

Time-of-day clock: a 24-hour clock prints out the time of data collection on all stored records.

Activity markers: provided in the format display for identifying active inputs.

Non-volatile memory (HP 1630G): the HP 1630G has 8k of EEPROM for internally storing a disassembler. One setup configuration of the instrument can also be stored.

HP-IB Outputs

An HP-IB connector, along with an eight-position switch, is located on the rear panel. Five positions on the switch are used to determine the address, two positions are used to determine "talk-only" for hardcopy and system controller modes.

HP-IL Outputs

An HP-IL connector is located on the rear panel for interfacing.

Programmability

All instrument configurations and acquisition data may be remotely programmed via the HP-IB (IEEE-488) or HP-IL.

Rear-panel BNC Outputs

One BNC output is located on the rear panel with a TTL output. High is ≥ 2 V into 50 ohms; low is 0.4 V into 50 ohms. The BNC can be programmed from the keyboard to provide the following signals: pulse on state tracepoint, high until state tracepoint, low until state tracepoint, high on last sequence, constant high, constant low, high on timing pattern, probe compensation (HP 1631A/D), and positive edge on analog trigger (HP 1631A/D). A second BNC is located on the rear panel to provide +5 V for the HP 10269B general-purpose probe interface.

Operating Environment

Temperature: 0° to 55° C ($+32^{\circ}$ to 131° F)

Humidity: up to 95% relative humidity at $+40^{\circ}$ C

Altitude: to 4600 m (15 000 ft)

Vibration: vibrated in three planes for 15 minutes each with 0.3 mm excursions, 5 to 55 Hz.

Weight: all models ~ 30 lbs (13.6 kg) net; all models ~ 40 lbs (18.1 kg) shipping

Power: 115/230 Vac, -22% to $+10\%$; 300 W max; 48–66 Hz

Size: 190 x 426 x 447 mm (7.5 x 16.8 x 17.6 in)

Product Support Package

HP 1630-68705: HP logic analyzer support package

HP 5957-7306: HP logic analyzer service training

Accessories Supplied

One operating manual, one 2.3 m (7.5 ft) power cord, plus the following probes:

HP Model #	10271A	10272A	10273A	10017A
1630A	3	1	—	—
1630D	3	2	—	—
1630G	3	1	3	—
1631A	3	1	—	2
1631D	3	2	—	2

HP 10342B Operating Characteristics

RS-232C (V.24)/449

Asynchronous

Data transfer rates (bits/second): 50, 75, 110, 134.5, 150, 300, 600, 1200, 1800, 2000, 2400, 3600, 4800, 7200, 9600 or 19 200

Parity: Odd, even, or none

Bits per character: 6-bit transcode

7-bit ASCII

8-bit ASCII

8-bit EBCDIC

Stop bits per character: 1, 1.5, 2

Synchronous

Data transfer rate: to 72k bits/second

Format: Bit-oriented protocols (BOP)

Synchronous data link control (SDLC)

High-level data link control (HDLC)

X.25 packet mode

Standard network access protocol (SNAP)

Hewlett-Packard data link control (HPDLC)

Burroughs data link control (BDLC)